



This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 3294; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification establishes requirements and methods of test for the material, dimensions, and workmanship, and the physical and electrical properties of molded sheet in minimum thicknesses of 0.794 mm [ $\frac{1}{32}$  in.] manufactured from PTFE resin molding materials.

1.2 This specification also establishes requirements for molded basic shapes made from resin molding and extrusion materials. This specification is for products 300 mm [12 in.] or less in a dimension parallel to and 12.7 mm [0.5 in.] or greater in the dimension perpendicular to the direction of the applied molding pressure.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.4 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 7, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* Special attention is called to 13.2, 13.3, 13.6, 13.8, and A1.

NOTE 1-There is no similar or equivalent ISO standard.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D 149 Test Method for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies<sup>2</sup>
- D 618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing<sup>3</sup>
- D 638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics<sup>3</sup>
- D 792 Test Methods for Specific Gravity (Relative Density) and Density of Plastics by Displacement<sup>3</sup>
- D 883 Terminology Relating to Plastics<sup>3</sup>
- D 1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-

Gradient Technique<sup>3</sup>

- D 1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to  $\ensuremath{\text{Plastics}}^3$
- D 1708 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics by Use of Microtensile Specimens<sup>3</sup>
- D 3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics<sup>4</sup>
- D 4591 Test Method for Determining Temperatures and Heats of Transitions of Fluoropolymers by Differential Scanning Calorimetry<sup>5</sup>
- D 4894 Specification for Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) Granular Molding and Ram Extrusion Materials<sup>5</sup>
- E 94 Guide for Radiographic Testing<sup>6</sup>

IEEE/ASTM SI-10 American National Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System<sup>7</sup>

## 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Definitions are in accordance with Terminology D 883 unless otherwise specified.

3.1.2 *lot*, *n*—one continuous production run or a uniform blend of two or more production runs of one size sheet or molded basic shape.

3.2 *Abbreviations*: Abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D 1600.

# 4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers the following four types of molded basic sheets and shapes:

4.1.1 *Type I*—Premium; normally used for exacting electrical, mechanical, or chemical applications.

4.1.2 *Type II*—General purpose; for electrical, mechanical, and chemical applications not requiring premium material.

4.1.3 *Type III*—Mechanical Grade; for non-critical chemical, electrical, and mechanical applications.

4.1.4 *Type IV*—Utility; having no electrical requirements and with mechanical properties at a lower level.

#### \*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.15 on Thermoplastic Materials (Section D20.15.12).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 10.02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.01.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 08.03.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428.

4.2 Types I, II, and III shall be subdivided into two grades as follows:

4.2.1 Grade 1-made only from virgin resin.

4.2.2 Grade 2-made using reprocessed resin.

4.3 The grades shall be further subdivided into three classes as follows:

4.3.1 *Class A*—resistant to thermal dimensional change not exceeding 0.5 %.

4.3.2 *Class B*—thermal dimensional change not exceeding 5.0 %.

4.3.3 *Class C*—no requirement for thermal dimensional change.

4.4 A one-line system shall be used to specify materials covered by this specification. The system uses predefined cells to refer to specific aspects of this specification, as illustrated below.

| Specification            |   |   |              |  |   |   |                  |
|--------------------------|---|---|--------------|--|---|---|------------------|
| Standard Number<br>Block |   |   | : Grade<br>: |  |   | : | Special<br>Notes |
| :                        | - | : | :            |  | : |   | :                |

I.

А

Example: Specification D 3294 – 03, I

For this example, the line callout would be Specification D 3294 - 03, 11A and would specify premium virgin form of polytetrafluoroethylene that has all of the properties listed for that Type, Grade, and Class in the appropriate specified properties, tables, or both, in the specification identified. A comma is used as the separator between the standard Number and the Type. Separators are not needed between the Type, Grade, and Class.<sup>8</sup> Provision for Special Notes is included so that other information shall be provided when required. An example would be in Specification D 3295 where dimensions and tolerances are specified for each AWG size within Type and Class. When Special Notes are used, they shall be preceded by a comma.

#### 5. Ordering Information

5.1 The molded sheet or basic shapes covered in this specification shall be ordered stating the type, grade, and class and that they meet the requirements of this specification.

#### 6. Materials

6.1 The sheet or molded basic shape from Types I, II, III, or IV shall be made from unpigmented PTFE as free of foreign matter as commercially practical.

#### 7. Requirements

7.1 The sheet covered by this specification shall meet the physical and electrical requirements specified in Table 1 and paragraph 7.1.1 when tested by the methods given in Section 13.

7.2 The molded basic shapes covered by this specification shall meet the physical and electrical requirements specified in Table 2 and 7.1.1 when tested by the test methods given in Section 13.

#### TABLE 1 Physical and Electrical Requirements for PTFE Sheets<sup>A</sup>

| Types | Tensile<br>Strength <sup>4</sup><br>(min) psi | Elonga-<br>tion <sup><i>A</i></sup> (min)<br>Percent | Dielectric<br>Strength <sup>B</sup><br>(min) Volts<br>Per Mill | Specific <sup>C</sup><br>Gravity | Porosity <sup>D</sup> |
|-------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Ι     | 4500  | 300  | 600  | 2.15 to 2.18 <sup>E</sup>        | Zero penetration      |
| 11    | 3000  | 225  | 500  | 2.14 to 2.19                     | Not required          |
| 111   | 2000  | 150  | 300  | 2.13 to 2.19                     | Not required          |
| IV    | 1300  | 75   | Not required   | 2.13 to 2.20                     | Not required          |
|       |   |  |  |                                  |                       |

<sup>A</sup> See 13.2.

<sup>B</sup> See 13.3 <sup>C</sup> See 13.4

<sup>D</sup> See 13.6

<sup>E</sup> PTFE sheet used for tank lining shall be Type I but shall have a specific gravity of 2.19 to 2.22.

| TABLE 2 Physical and Electrica | I Requirements for Basic Shapes |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|

| Types | Tensile Strength<br>psi (min) | Elongation %<br>(min) | Dielectric<br>Strength Volts<br>per mil (min) | Specific Gravity |
|-------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------|
| I     | 4800                          | 325                   | 1200  | 2.14 to 2.18     |
| 11    | 3200                          | 240                   | 850   | 2.14 to 2.19     |
|       | 1500                          | 75                    | 250   | 2.13 to 2.20     |

7.2.1 *Melting Point*—the melting point of all types of sheet and molded basic shapes shall be  $327 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C when tested in accordance with paragraph 13.8.

#### 8. Dimensions

8.1 The size, shape, dimensional tolerances, and dimensional stability shall be as specified in the contract or order.

8.2 The tolerance on length and width shall be plus 6.3 mm  $[\frac{1}{4}$  in.], minus 0 mm [0 in.].

#### 9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

9.1 *Color*—Type I shall be white to translucent, but often have occasional spots. Types II, III, and IV are typically white, but will vary to light gray or light brown. For Types II, III, and IV occasional small gray, brown, or black spots shall not be considered as cause for rejection.

9.2 *Finish*—The material shall be as free as is commercially practical from surface blisters, wrinkles, cracks and other surface defects that might affect its serviceability. It shall also be commercially free of macroscopic voids, cracks, and foreign inclusions.

9.3 *Internal Defects*—The moldings shall be as free as is commercially practical of microscopic voids, cracks, and foreign inclusions.

#### 10. Sampling

10.1 Sampling shall be statistically adequate to satisfy the requirements of 15.1

### 11. Number of Tests

11.1 Routine lot inspection tests shall consist of all the tests specified in Table 1, Table 2, or Table 3.

11.2 The tests listed in Table 1 and Table 2, as they apply, are sufficient to establish conformity of the PTFE sheet or basic shapes to this specification. When the number of test specimens is not stated in the test method, single determination shall be made. If more than single determinations and separate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See the ASTM *Form and Style Manual*. Available from ASTM International Headquarters.

TABLE 3 Nominal Thickness and Tolerances for PTFE Sheets

| Thickness<br>Inch | Tolerance<br>Inch | Thickness<br>Inch | Tolerance<br>Inch | Thickness<br>Inch | Tolerance<br>Inch |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1/32              | +0.015            | 1/4               | +0.030            | 11⁄4              | +0.102            |
|                   | -0.005            |                   | -0.015            |                   | -0.051            |
| 1/16              | +0.015            | 3/8               | +0.038            | 11/2              | +0.118            |
|                   | -0.005            |                   | -0.019            |                   | -0.059            |
| 3/32              | +0.020            | 1/2               | +0.046            | 13⁄4              | +0.134            |
|                   | -0.005            |                   | -0.022            |                   | -0.067            |
| 1/8               | +0.016            | 5/8               | +0.054            | 2                 | +0.150            |
|                   | -0.008            |                   | -0.027            |                   | -0.075            |
| 5/32              | +0.018            | 3/4               | +0.070            | Over 2            | +10 %             |
|                   | -0.009            |                   | -0.035            |                   | -10 %             |
| 3/16              | +0.022            | 1                 | +0.087            |                   |                   |
|                   | -0.011            |                   | -0.043            |                   |                   |

portions of the same sample are made, the results shall be averaged. The single or average result shall conform to the requirements prescribed in this specification.

11.3 The properties listed in the Appendix X1 provide additional information. The data shown are informational only and shall not be used for specification purposes.

#### 12. Test Conditions

12.1 *Conditioning of Specimens*—Unless otherwise specified in this specification, the test specimens shall be conditioned in accordance with Procedure A of Practice D 618 for a period of at least four h prior to test.

12.2 *Standard Temperature*—Unless otherwise specified, the tests shall be conducted at the standard laboratory temperature of  $23^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$  [73.4°F  $\pm 3.6^{\circ}F$ ]. Since the sheet or

molded basic shape does not absorb water, the maintenance of constant humidity during testing is not important.

## 13. Test Methods

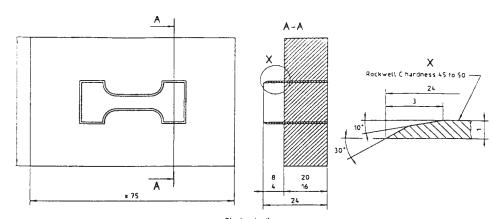
13.1 Visual and Dimensional Inspection—Each of the sample PTFE sheets or molded basic shapes selected in accordance with Section 10 shall be visually and dimensionally inspected to verify their compliance with the requirements of the standard. Occasional superficial flaws in PTFE sheet or molded basic shapes shall be interpreted as neither affecting the porosity nor soundness of the molding. Such flaws are scratches, edge cracks, and the adherence of resin flakes. Such indications shall not be cause for rejection.

13.2 *Tensile Strength and Elongation*—Determine the ultimate tensile strength and elongation in accordance with Test Method D 638 except as follows:

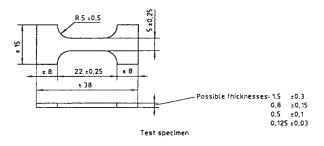
13.2.1 Cut five microspecimens with the steel rule die and the dimensions shown in Fig. 1 using a hydraulic or mechanical press. When cutting a specimen, back it by a hard surface board such as masonite or equal with a piece of thin cardboard such as that used in a tabulating machine between said hard surface and sample. Remove any tool marks resulting from sample preparation which are not essentially parallel to the long axis of the specimen by light sanding in a direction parallel to such long axis.

13.2.2 Testing shall be at a speed of 50.8 mm [2 in.]/min.

13.2.3 Determine elongation by using an initial jaw separation of 22.2 mm [0.875 in.] and expressed as a percentage of the initial jaw separation.



Steel-rule die (Inside dimensions for die are the same as test specimen) Die to be sharpened on outside edge only (as shown in A-A)



NOTE 1—Dimensions in millimetres. FIG. 1 Microtensile Die—ISO

13.2.4 Alternative Specimens—When the shape of the sample does not permit making the dumbbell as specified in 13.2.1 prepare specimens by turning a 0.8-mm [ $\frac{1}{32}$  -in.] thick-walled tube from the shape, and cutting dumbbells from the tube wall in a direction perpendicular to the applied molding pressure, that is, with the long axis of the dumbbell parallel to the circumference of the tube. Lathe-turn the tube in such a manner that the specimen is taken from the center of the original wall thickness. In the case of a rod, remove the outer 1.6 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  in.] before finish turning the outer diameter of the tube. Turn both inside and outside surfaces with a fine lathe feed and sharp tools to permit the smoothest possible finish.

13.2.5 Cut sheets 1.6 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  in.] or under in thickness, five micro-specimens with the steel rule die and the dimensions shown in Fig. 1 using a hydraulic or mechanical press. Machine sheets thicker than 1.6 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  in.] and thinner than 15.9 mm [ $\frac{5}{8}$  in.] to a thickness of 1.6 ± 0.25 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  ± 0.010 in.] and five specimens from these reduced portions. From sheets 15.9 mm [ $\frac{5}{8}$  in.] and over in thickness, a slice somewhat thicker than 1.6 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  in.] shall be cut from one edge but not less than 12.7 mm [ $\frac{1}{2}$  in.] distance from that edge and both faces machined to a thickness of 1.6 ± 0.25 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  ± 0.010 in.]. In all cases of specimens reduced to 1.6 mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  in.] by machining, tool marks shall be removed by light sanding in a longitudinal direction.

13.3 *Dielectric Strength*—Determine the dielectric strength in accordance with Test Method D 149 using five specimens and the short-time test under oil, except as follows:

13.3.1 When 25.4 mm [1 in.] specimens are used, the electrodes shall be 63.5 mm [ $^{1}/_{4}$  in.] in diameter, with edges rounded to a 0.8 mm [ $^{1}/_{32}$  in.] radius.

13.3.2 If the size of the molding does not permit 25.4 mm [1 in.] wide specimens, 12.7 mm [ $\frac{1}{2}$  -in.] discs or strips 0.5  $\pm$  0.05 mm [0.020  $\pm$  0.002 in.] thick shall be used with 1.6-mm [ $\frac{1}{16}$  -in.] diameter electrodes with rounded edges.

13.3.3 The specimen must extend sufficiently far beyond the electrode edge so that a flash-over does not occur.

13.4 *Specific Gravity*—Determine the specific gravity on two specimens in accordance with Method A of Test Methods D 792. Add two drops of a wetting agent (liquid detergent)<sup>9</sup> to the water in order to reduce the surface tension and insure complete wetting of the sample.

13.5 *Porosity*—Determine the porosity of Type I sheet or molded shape by the penetrant test.

13.5.1 *Scope*—The test for porosity is to determine that the molding has received adequate pressure and temperature throughout.

13.5.2 *Significance and Use*—The significance of this test for porosity is to indicate if the molding has been properly manufactured.

13.5.3 Use one full size sheet or molding for the porosity test. Degrease the entire surface on the molding with folded

paper wiping tissues wet with a suitable cleaner.<sup>10</sup> Remove the excess cleaner and permit the surface to dry for at least 5 min.

13.5.4 Deposit a film of penetrant<sup>10</sup> on the entire surface of the molding and allow to stand for 5 min. If the penetrant appears to dry prematurely, rewet the surface with penetrant and allow to dry for 1 min longer. Then, remove the penetrant by wiping with a tissue and scrub the entire surface thoroughly with tissues wet with cleaner.

13.5.5 When dry, inspect entire surface for indication of discoloration caused by the penetrant. Retained areas of penetrant that appear cloudy or hazy indicate porosity. Occasional superficial flaws in PTFE sheet or moldings shall not be interpreted as porosity.

13.5.6 *Precision and Bias*—The precision and bias for this penetrant-die test will be determined.

13.6 *Dimensional Stability*—Determine the thermal dimensional change of each lot of material using the method in 13.6.1-13.6.10.

13.6.1 *Scope*—The test for dimensional stability is specific to determine the amount of change of dimension when the molding is heated.

13.6.2 *Significance and Use*—The significance of this test is to indicate if the molding has been adequately stress relieved.

13.6.3 Measure the entire molding to the nearest 0.025 mm [0.001 in.] in directions of length, width, and depth of sheets and blocks, length and diameter of cylinders, and length, diameter, and wall thickness of tubes.

13.6.4 Mark the points of original measurement so that measurement after heating and cooling is made at the same points.

13.6.5 Place the molded shape or sheet in a heating chamber at a temperature of 290  $\pm$  3°C [554  $\pm$  5.4°F]. The heating medium is either oil or air.

13.6.6 Hold the specimen at this temperature for a time period equivalent to 2 h/6.350 mm [0.25 in.], but not less than 2 h, then lower the temperature at a rate not exceeding  $30^{\circ}$ C [54°F]/h until room temperature is reached.

13.6.7 Again measure the specimen at the same points to the nearest 0.025 mm [0.001 in.].

13.6.8 Alternatively, mark portions of the molding and measure the distances between the marks to the nearest 0.025 mm [0.001 in.] in the respective directions.

13.6.9 Calculate the change in dimensions by the following equation and average the results separately for the changes made in each direction.

$$D = (L_h - L_i)/L_i \times 100$$

where:

D = dimensional change, %.

 $L_i$  = initial dimension of sample, and

 $L_h$  = dimension of sample after heating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Examples of suitable wetting agents are "Glim" detergent, B. J. Babitt, Inc.; "Joy" detergent, Proctor and Gamble, Inc.; and "Triton" X-100, Rohm and Haas Co.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Spotcheck cleaner and penetrant, available from Magnaflux Corp., 7300 W. Lawrence Ave., Chicago, IL 60656 has been found satisfactory for this purpose. Spotcheck developer is not required.

13.6.10 *Precision and Bias*—The precision and bias for this test for dimensional stability will be determined.

13.7 Examination for Internal Defect:

13.7.1 The general procedure of Guide E 94 shall be followed for examination for internal defects.

13.7.2 X-ray the shape in as many views as necessary to give complete coverage of the pieces. Identify all x-ray film to correspond with the shape sections, or view, so that any defects shall be located afterwards.

13.7.3 View films for defects such as microscopic cracks, voids and inclusions. Check films showing apparent defects against the corresponding sample and position to make sure that these apparent defects are not due to surface contamination.

13.8 *Melting Point*—The melting point shall be determined on one specimen in accordance with Specification D 4894.

13.8.1 As an alternate, the melting point may be determined by the procedure given in Test Method D 4591.

#### 14. Retest and Rejection

14.1 If any failure occurs, the materials may be retested to establish conformity.

14.2 The number of specimens used for retest shall be twice that for the original test.

### 15. Certification

15.1 For all Type I, Grade 1 molded basic shapes or sheet, the purchaser shall be furnished a certification that this lot is made from only virgin PTFE and that the sample representing each lot has been either tested or inspected as directed in this specification and the requirements have been met. When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall be furnished.

#### 16. Identification and Marking

16.1 *Identification*—Marking of the molded sheet or basic shapes shall show the name of the material, type, grade, and class and shall give the quantity.

16.2 *Shipping Containers*—Boxes or crates shall be marked with the name of the material, type, grade, class, and lot number as well as the name and address of the supplier.

16.3 All packing, packaging, and marking provisions of Practice D 3892 shall apply to this specification.

# 17. Keywords

17.1 fluorocarbon polymer; fluoropolymers; granular PTFE; polytetrafluoroethylene; PTFE; PTFE basic shapes

#### APPENDIX

#### (Nonmandatory Information)

#### X1.

X1.1 *Dimensional Stability*—Basic shapes molded from PTFE as normally processed will contain internal stresses. The magnitude of these stresses will vary with the thickness. These stresses will result in dimensional changes when parts cut therefrom are heated or machined. Annealing the shapes may relieve some of the stresses and distort the surface and flatness of the shapes. However, this stress-relief treatment is only partially effective. The magnitude of the residual stresses is not

uniform throughout and varies with the size. No amount of annealing will insure complete stability in the final product. The best dimensional stability in a finished product can only be accomplished by carrying out a stress-relief procedure on a finished part after all cutting operations are complete. For close tolerances on a finished part, the best procedure is to fabricate to approximate dimensions, stress relieve and then finish to specified dimensions.

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| TABLE X1.1 | Mechanical, F | Physical | and C | Chemical | Properties |
|------------|---------------|----------|-------|----------|------------|
|------------|---------------|----------|-------|----------|------------|

| Property                                     | Value   | ASTM Designation | Test Methods  |
|--|---|------------------|---|
| Dissipation Factor 1000 cycles               | 0.0005 max                                    | D 150            | Test for A-C Capacitance, Dielectric Constant and<br>Loss Characteristics of Electric Insulating Materials. |
| Dielectric Constant 100 cycles               | 2.0 to 2.1                                    | D 150            |   |
| Volume Resistivity                           | Over 10 <sup>15</sup> ohm cm.                 | D 257            | Electrical Resistance of Insulating Materials   |
| Surface Resistivity 100 % R.M.               | $3.6	imes10^6$ megohms                        | D 257            |   |
| Stiffness, 73°F                              | 50 000 to 90 000 psi                          | D 747            | Stiffness of Plastics by Means of a Cantilever Beam.  |
| Compressibility                              | 16 to 22 %                                    | D 1147           | Compressibility and Recovery of Gasket Materials.   |
| Hardness, Durometer D                        | 50 to 65                                      | D 676            | Indentation of Rubber by Means of a Durometer.  |
| Impact Strength, 70°F                        | 2.0 ft. lbs/in. of notch                      | D 256            |   |
| 73°F   | 3.0 ft. lbs/in. of notch                      |                  |   |
| 170°F  | 6.0 ft. lbs/in. of notch                      |                  |   |
| Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion      |   | D 696            | Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion of Plastics.  |
| 77 to 148°F                                  | $6.20	imes10^{-5}$ in./in. °F                 |                  |   |
| 77 to 58°F                                   | $7.50	imes10^{-5}$ in./in. °F                 |                  |   |
| 77 to 32°F                                   | 11.10 $	imes$ 10 <sup>-5</sup> in./in. °F     |                  |   |
| 77 to 212°F                                  | $6.90	imes10^{-5}$ in./in. °F                 |                  |   |
| 77 to 482°F                                  | $9.70	imes10^{-5}$ in./in. °F                 |                  |   |
| 77 to 572°F                                  | 12.10 $	imes$ 10 <sup>-5</sup> in./in. °F     |                  |   |
| Deformation Under Load                       |   | D 621            | Deformation of Plastics Under Load.   |
| 73°F/1000 psi/24 h                           | 2 to 3 %                                      |                  |   |
| 122°F/1200 psi/24 h                          | 4 to 8 %                                      |                  |   |
| Thermal Conductivity 0.18 in. thick specimen | 1.7 BTU/hr/sq ft/°F/in.                       | Cenco-Fitch      |   |
| Water Absorption                             | 0.01  | D 570            | Water Absorption of Plastics.   |
| Flammability                                 | Non-flammable                                 | D 635            | Test for Flammability of Rigid Plastics over 0.050 in. in<br>Thickness                                      |
| Chemical Resistance                          | Inert to almost all chemicals<br>and solvents |                  |   |

#### SUMMARY OF CHANGES

This section identifies the location of selected changes to this specification. For the convenience of the user, Committee D20 has highlighted those changes that may impact the use of this specification. This section may also include descriptions of the changes or reasons for the changes, or both.

#### *D* 3294 – 03:

(1) Deleted Test Method D 1505, Practice D 1898, and Specification D 3293 from Section 2 and all references throughout this Specification.

(2) Added Specification D 4894 and IEEE/ASTM SI-10 to Section 2.

(3) Changed standard temperature to  $23^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ .

(4) Removed reference to D 1457 in 13.8, and replaced with Specification D 4894.

(5) Revised Section 10 to reflect statistical methods.

(6) Added unit of measure to Table X1.1 for Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion.

(7) Several sentences were editorially changed to address non-imperative word usage.

D 3294 – 97:

(1) Deleted first line up to the first comma of 11.1. Changed 1 or 2, to 1, 2 or 3.

(2) Deleted and replaced the first sentence in 13.6.

(3) Deleted "in accordance with agreement between the purchaser and seller" from 14.1.

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